1 - IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

Product Name KLINGERtop-graph 2000

Other Names Compressed Non Asbestos Fibre Sheeting/Jointing/Gaskets

Recommended Use High Temperature Gasket Material

Supplier KLINGER Limited (ABN 95 008 679 838)

38 McDowell St

Welshpool WA 6106 AUSTRALIA

Tel +61 (0)8 9251 1600 or 1300 798 279

(0800 – 1700 Australian Western Standard Time – GMT +8 hrs)

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Emergency

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2 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Not classified as hazardous according to the criteria of **Safe Work Australia** and **GHS** (**Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals**).

Classification according to GHS: Not Classified

GHS Label Elements:

Not Applicable for these products.

Other Hazard Information: The product is considered harmless to health and

the environment in the form supplied and if stored and handled in the correct manner – see Section 7. No hazards are known based on

present information.

3 - COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredient	CAS	Proportion
Glass Fibre	65997-17-3	30 – 60%
Nitrile Butadiene Rubber	9003-18-3	10 - < 30%
Calcined Aluminium Silicate	92704-41-1	10 - < 30%
Graphite	7782-42-5	10 - < 30%
Precipitated Silica	112926-00-8	< 10%
Aramid Fibre	26125-61-1	< 10%

4 - FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation Dust arising from working the product should be treated as nuisance

particulate material. Inhalation of dust may cause irritation to the mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract. Movement of exposed

individual to fresh air is recommended.

Skin May cause irritation to individuals with sensitive skin. Wash skin with

soap and water. Launder heavily contaminated clothing before reuse. If

prolonged irritation occurs, seek medical advice.

Eye May cause mechanical irritation in contact with eyes. Remove small

solid particles and rinse with water for a minimum of 15 minutes. In all cases of eye contamination it is a sensible precaution to seek medical

advice.

Ingestion Not hazardous. Not a likely source of exposure. If ingested, give plenty

of fluid to assist passage through system. Seek medical attention if

irritation occurs.

5 - FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media Water, carbon dioxide, powder extinguishers,

foam extinguishers

Hazards from Combustion Products In case of combustion, the same gases are

produced as with burning rubber. The following

may be produced in case of fire: Carbon monoxide; carbon dioxide; sulphur oxides; nitrous gases (NOx); irritating/caustic,

combustible as well as poisonous carbonisation

gases.

Precautions for Firefighters

and Special Protective Equipment Breathing apparatus and eye protection must be

worn to protect from dust and fumes.

6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Emergency Procedures Fire: See Section 5

Personal: See Section 4

Environmental: No known environmental hazards exist

Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleanup

Approved vacuum cleaners with high efficiency filters (HEPA) conforming to AS3544 or equivalent must be used to clean areas. Spills which involve powder, dusts or granules may create a slip hazard and should be cleaned up immediately. Sweep up but avoid generating dusts.

Additional

In the case of improper use (see Section 8) fine dust may result. Adequate suction and filtering of the exhaust air should be ensured.

7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling No special precautions necessary when handling the material in its

finished form However, whenever further processing of the product is undertaken, potential for the generation of dust exists. See Section 8.

Storage Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area removed from foodstuffs.

Material is only flammable through the effects of intensive heat. Excessive heat in the storage area may diminish the product's

performance in its intended application.

8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

National Exposure Standards (Time-Weighted Averages)

Precipitated Silica: 10mg/m3 ES-TWA Nitrile Butadiene Rubber: 50ppm ES-TWA Aluminia Silicate: 10mg/m3 ES-TWA

Graphite: 3mg/m3 ES-TWA

Glass Fibre: 0.5fibre/mL ES-TWA Aramid Fibre: 0.5fibre/mL ES-TWA

(Recommended - Note that Aramid fibre has no current assigned exposure standard, however as a general safety

precaution the above guideline may be used.)

Biological Limit ValueNo Biological Limit Value allocated.

Engineering Controls Ensure adequate ventilation exists to maintain air

concentrations below exposure standards. Do not inhale dust. Use localised extraction or wet methods of work to

control dust levels.

Personal Protective Equipment No special precautions necessary when handling the

material in its finished form. However, whenever further processing of gaskets is undertaken, the potential for the release of particulates that may cause mechanical abrasion exists. In the case of particle generation exceeding the above-noted National Exposure Standards, recommended PPE are rubber/PVC gloves,

coveralls, safety glasses and a P2 particulate (AS1716 or equivalent) respirator. When removing embrittled or spent material or when high levels or dust exist a full-face class H particulate cartridge respirator or full-face positive pressure demand airline respirator (AS1716 or equivalent) is recommended. Good hygiene practices

must always be maintained.

9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance Form: Sheets or cut gaskets

Colour: Black both sides

Odour May smell slightly of rubber

pH Not applicable

Vapour Pressure Not applicable

Vapour Density Not applicable

Boiling Point/Range Not applicable

Freezing/Melting Point Not applicable

Flashpoint Not-flammable

Solubility (water) Insoluble

Specific Gravity/Density 1.75 g/cm³

Additional Elastomer carbonisation and decomposition occurs at high

temperatures.

10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical stability Stable under intended operating conditions.

Conditions to Avoid Not known

Incompatible Materials Not known

Hazardous Decomposition

Products Decomposition of rubber at high temperatures.

11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

The material in its finished form presents no known health hazard. Synthetic mineral fibres (SMF) is a collective term used internationally to describe fibres such as fiberglass, rockwool and ceramic fibres. The release of SMF into the air is a health risk hence the adoption of an exposure standard of 0.5f/mL (TWA), for respirable fibres according to the National Commission – Worksafe Australia. For non-respirable SMF a secondary (complementary) exposure standard of 2mg/m3 is proposed by Worksafe Australia. This proposed secondary standard is established to minimise upper respiratory tract irritation from non-respirable fibres. It does not take precedence over the respirable fibre standard. Worksafe has determined not to classify SMF as a suspected carcinogen due to the lack of supporting evidence.

12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity Not known. Insoluble in water, precipitates.

Persistence and Degradability Not known. Not biologically degradable (self-

classification).

Mobility Not known

13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal Methods No special requirements exist. Dump on industrial depositories.

Seal waste dust in heavy duty plastic bags (200 microns

minimum). Do not dispose of in an incineration system under any circumstance. Local, state and federal statutory regulations must

be observed.

Special Precautions Not applicable

14 - TRANSPORT INFORMATION

UN Number None allocated

UN Proper Shipping Name None allocated

Class and Subsidiary Risks Not relevant

Packing Group Not relevant

Special Precautions for User Do not transport with Explosives, Oxidising agents, Organic

peroxides and foodstuffs. In sheet and cut gasket form there is no risk associated with the product under normal transport conditions. Not defined as a Dangarous Good by the

conditions. Not defined as a Dangerous Good by the

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by

Road and Rail.

Hazchem Code None allocated

15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

Regulations for dangerous materials not applicable.

16 - OTHER INFORMATION

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